

Finding synthetically versatile and common intermediates for multiple useful products with the aid of a synthesis design system

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Abstract—With the aid of a synthesis design system, we searched for common intermediates in routes to sets of target molecules. Finding such common intermediates will be a great help in constructing cost-effective synthetic routes. We tried to look for new common intermediates with 24 investigational or commercially produced antidepressants as target molecules. Most of the common intermediates were usually found to lead to more than two targets.

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1. Introduction

Recently, the outsourcing market of pharmaceutical intermediates has been growing rapidly around the world.¹ For pharmaceutical companies, this has the merit of spreading one part of the risk in developing new drugs over to manufacturers of intermediates, which bear the cost of the development of efficient synthetic routes.

Process chemistry has a mission to improve costly routes by optimizing starting materials, reaction conditions, and safety and disposal measures. The choice of starting materials and/or intermediates is one of the most important factors in achieving lower cost routes.

It is especially useful to find common key intermediates because the optimization of their production automatically improves the routes to the various final products for which they are intermediates. In addition trial substances, which are related to the active compounds and may possibly share or exceed their activities, are correspondingly cheaper to make. Deriving diverse compounds from common

intermediate thus facilitates both the improvement of routes and the discovery of new drugs and new useful substances in material science.

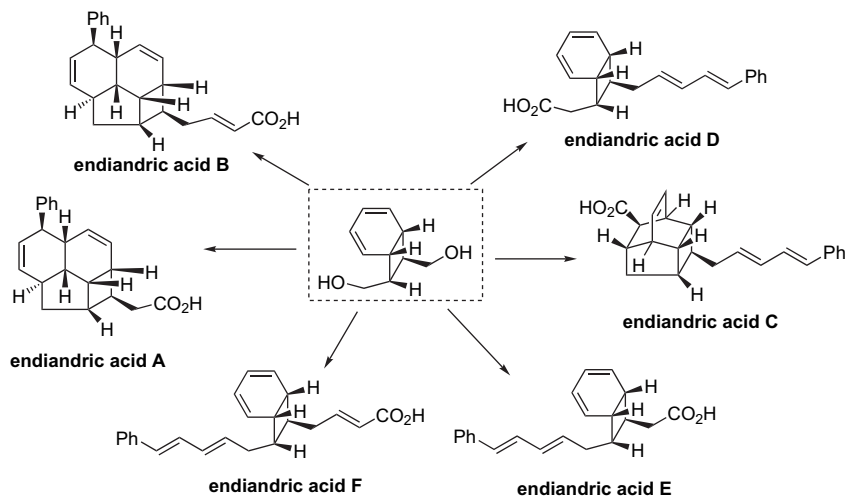
In the synthetic study of a class of highly complicated natural occurring compounds, it is quite helpful to find common key intermediates, which may be synthesized on a large scale and are relatively close to the targets. For instance, Nicolaou reported that a few intermediate elegantly lead to several endiandric acid derivatives, which were isolated from Australian plant containing several unusual chiral centers and polycyclic structures (Scheme 1).²

In finding new common key intermediates, retro-synthetic analyses of targets must be extensively performed. As structures become more complicated and the number of final products of interest increases, the amount of operations increases to the point where manual procedures become impractical. To realize the data extraction, we decided to utilize a synthesis design program, SYNSUP.³

The first program for computer-aided organic synthesis (CAOS) has been demonstrated by Corey and Wipke in 1969 with OCSS,⁴ whose successor is LHASA.⁵ In 1972, Bersohn has published the independent synthesis design program, which evolved into SYNSUP.⁶ Besides LHASA and SYNSUP, a number of systems have been reported so far⁷ and some of them, such as SYNCHEM,⁸ SYNGEN,⁹

Keywords: SYNSUP; Synthesis design system; CAOS; Retrosynthesis; Common intermediate; Antidepressant.

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Scheme 1. A reported common intermediate that leads to natural occurring compounds, a series of endiandric acids.

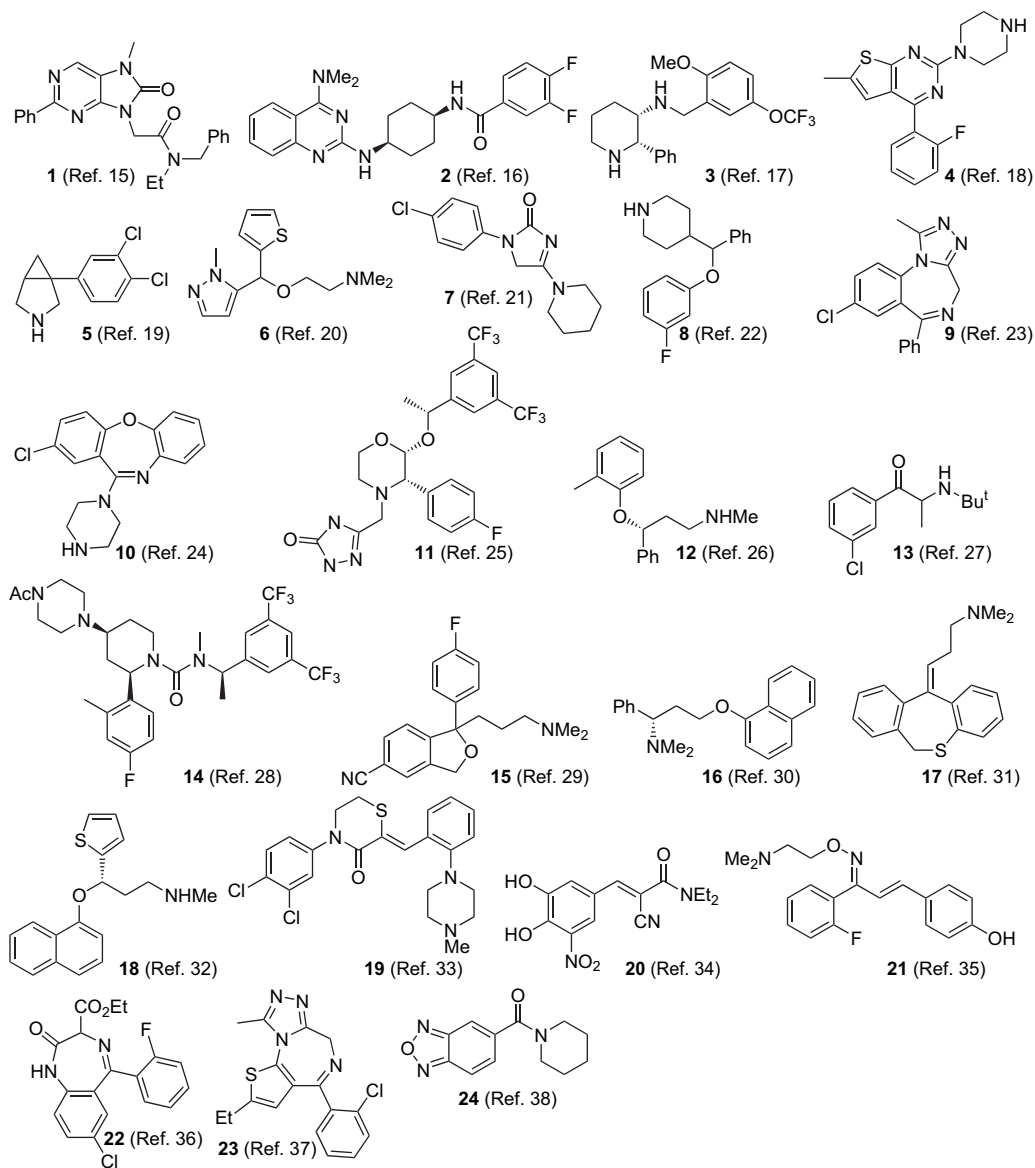


Figure 1. Targets.

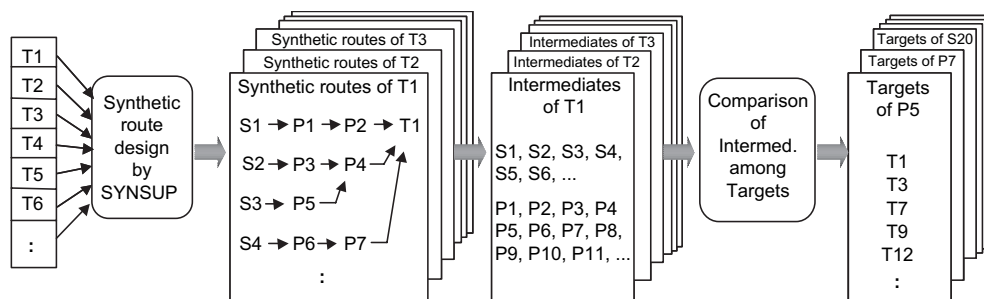
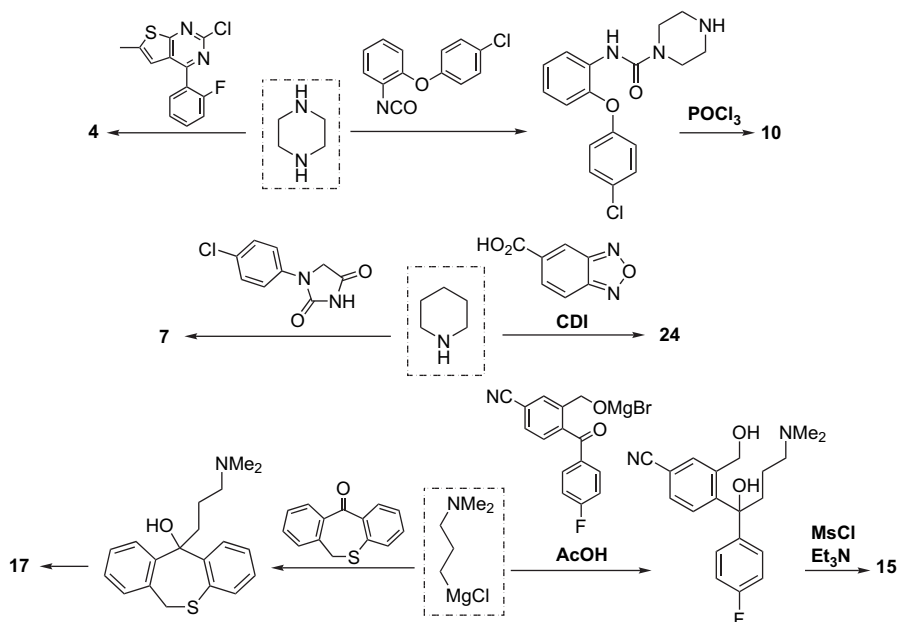


Figure 2. Flow to get common intermediates. T1, T2 and T_n mean targets, S1, S2, and S_n are starting materials, and P1, P2, and P_n are intermediates (precursors).

AIPHOS,¹⁰ WODCA,¹¹ and WTDWTR,¹² are still being developed. The program SYNSUP generates plausible routes in retro-synthetic fashion after a chemist launches the program with a specific organic molecule. The Sumitomo Chemical Company has taken part in the development of this program since 1984 and now Sumitomo and its group companies use the system. The targets are pharmaceutical and agricultural compounds including their intermediates, electric materials, additive agents, and transition metal ligands at the stage of screening and study of industrial processes.¹³ The system has now more than 5500 organic reactions, which number is steadily increasing.

In this field, many concepts and methodologies have been reported, but only a few papers about the examples of utility and application have been reported.^{13,14} As one of the advanced examples of utility, we studied searching for common key intermediates from synthetic routes to multiple targets for different groups or purposes.

In this paper, we wish to report the results of extracting common intermediates from 24 targets, which are investigational or commercially produced antidepressants (Fig. 1).^{15–38}



Scheme 2. Common intermediates extracted from reported synthetic routes of 24 targets.

2. Computational details

To obtain intermediates of all targets, SYNSUP has been implemented with the following conditions on a route:

- The starting materials must be commercially available.
- The number of applying functional group interconversion (FGI) reactions must be less than four steps, because FGIs do not contribute to the frame construction.
- There must be not more than four reaction steps in the route.

When only less than 10 routes were proposed, the limit on the number of steps is raised to five and the program is rerun.

- When more than 1000 routes were proposed, the limit on the number of steps is reduced to three for the rerun of the program.

In fact, the three-step limit on the number of steps was applied to the targets **12**, **17**, **20**, and **21**, and two-step limit was used for the targets **1**, **14**, and **23**.

Table 1. The list of extracted common intermediates

| No. | Name | M.F. | M.W. | N ^a | Targets | No. | Name | M.F. | M.W. | N ^a | Targets |
|-----|----------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------|----------------|------------------------------------------|------------------|--------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------|--------|----------------|--------------------|
| 25 | Carbon monoxide | CO | 28.01 | 12 | 1,7,10,13,15,16,17,18,20,22,23,24 | 75 | Methylamine | CH ₅ N | 31.06 | 4 | 12,16,17,18 |
| 26 | Methanol | CH ₄ O | 32.04 | 12 | 2,3,6,7,9,10,13,16,18,20,22,24 | 76 | <i>p</i> -Toluenesulfonyl chloride | C ₇ H ₇ ClO ₂ S | 190.65 | 4 | 12,13,15,16 |
| 27 | Bromoethane | CH ₃ Br | 94.94 | 11 | 2,3,6,11,12,13,15,16,17,18,24 | 77 | Allyl <i>p</i> -toluenesulfonate | C ₁₀ H ₁₂ O ₃ S | 212.27 | 4 | 13,15,16,17 |
| 28 | Formaldehyde | CH ₂ O | 30.03 | 11 | 2,3,5,6,9,12,13,15,16,17,18 | 78 | Vinyl chloride | C ₂ H ₃ Cl | 62.50 | 4 | 13,18,19,21 |
| 29 | Cyanic acid | CHN | 27.03 | 10 | 2,6,8,12,13,15,16,18,20,22 | 79 | Glyoxylic acid | C ₂ H ₂ O ₃ | 74.04 | 4 | 13,16,22,24 |
| 30 | Chloromethane | CH ₃ Cl | 50.49 | 9 | 2,3,6,13,14,15,16,17,19 | 80 | Allyl bromide | C ₃ H ₅ Br | 120.98 | 4 | 15,16,17,18 |
| 31 | Acetaldehyde | C ₂ H ₄ O | 44.05 | 9 | 5,11,12,13,15,16,17,18,21 | 81 | 1,3-Dibromopropane | C ₃ H ₆ Br ₂ | 201.89 | 4 | 15,16,17,18 |
| 32 | Methyl <i>p</i> -toluenesulfonate | C ₈ H ₁₀ O ₃ S | 186.23 | 8 | 6,12,15,16,17,18,19,24 | 82 | 3-Bromopropionitrile | C ₃ H ₄ BrN | 133.98 | 4 | 15,16,17,18 |
| 33 | Methyl formate | C ₂ H ₄ O ₂ | 60.05 | 7 | 3,5,6,16,17,18,22 | 83 | Cyanoacetic acid | C ₃ H ₃ NO ₂ | 85.06 | 4 | 16,17,18,20 |
| 34 | 2-Chloroethyl <i>p</i> -toluenesulfonate | C ₉ H ₁₁ ClO ₃ S | 234.70 | 7 | 4,6,10,12,14,16,18 | 84 | Methyl cyanoformate | C ₃ H ₃ NO ₂ | 85.06 | 3 | 1,13,22 |
| 35 | Chloroformaldehyde | C ₂ H ₃ ClO | 78.50 | 7 | 5,6,12,16,17,18,21 | 85 | Glycine methyl ester | C ₃ H ₇ NO ₂ | 89.09 | 3 | 1,13,22 |
| 36 | Chlorotrimethylsilane | C ₃ H ₉ ClSi | 108.64 | 7 | 8,10,13,15,16,18,24 | 86 | Bromoacetyl chloride | C ₂ H ₂ BrClO | 157.39 | 3 | 1,14,21 |
| 37 | Bromoacetonitrile | C ₂ H ₂ BrN | 119.95 | 6 | 1,5,6,16,17,18 | 87 | Glycolamide | C ₂ H ₅ NO ₂ | 75.07 | 3 | 1,16,23 |
| 38 | Methyl iodide | CH ₃ I | 141.94 | 6 | 2,3,4,6,7,12 | 88 | Chloroacetyl chloride | C ₂ H ₂ Cl ₂ O | 112.94 | 3 | 1,9,21 |
| 39 | Dimethylamine | C ₂ H ₇ N | 45.08 | 6 | 2,6,15,16,17,21 | 89 | 4-Nitrophenyl iodoacetate | C ₈ H ₆ INO ₄ | 307.05 | 3 | 1,18,22 |
| 40 | <i>N,N</i> -Dimethylformamide | C ₃ H ₇ NO | 73.10 | 6 | 3,6,9,12,18,24 | 90 | Iodobenzene | C ₆ H ₅ I | 204.01 | 3 | 1,12,16 |
| 41 | Bis(tributyltin) oxide | C ₂₄ H ₅₄ OSn ₂ | 596.08 | 6 | 4,5,11,13,17,19 | 91 | Chlorobenzene | C ₆ H ₅ Cl | 112.56 | 3 | 1,13,16 |
| 42 | Tributyltin Chloride | C ₁₂ H ₂₇ ClSn | 325.49 | 6 | 4,5,11,13,17,19 | 92 | 2-Aminobenzonitrile | C ₇ H ₆ N ₂ | 118.14 | 3 | 2,22,23 |
| 43 | Vinyl bromide | C ₂ H ₃ Br | 106.95 | 6 | 13,15,16,18,19,21 | 93 ^b | <i>N</i> -Fluorobenzene-sulfonimide | C ₁₂ H ₁₁ FNO ₄ S ₂ | 316.35 | 3 | 2,15,21 |
| 44 | Acrolein | C ₃ H ₄ O | 56.06 | 6 | 13,15,16,17,18,21 | 94 | 2-Chloroanisole | C ₇ H ₇ BrO | 187.04 | 3 | 2,10,13 |
| 45 | Glycine | C ₂ H ₅ NO ₂ | 75.07 | 5 | 1,5,9,11,23 | 95 | 2-Chloroanisole | C ₇ H ₇ ClO | 142.59 | 3 | 2,10,13 |
| 46 | Ethanol | C ₂ H ₆ O | 46.07 | 5 | 1,5,10,16,22 | 96 | 2-Methoxyphenyl-boronic acid | C ₇ H ₉ BO ₃ | 151.96 | 3 | 2,10,13 |
| 47 | <i>p</i> -Nitrophenol | C ₆ H ₅ NO ₃ | 139.11 | 5 | 2,9,22,23,24 | 97 | 3,4-Dichlorobenzaldehyde | C ₇ H ₄ Cl ₂ O | 175.02 | 3 | 2,5,24 |
| 48 | Dimethyl sulfate | C ₂ H ₆ O ₄ S | 126.13 | 5 | 2,3,6,15,16 | 98 | 3,4-Dichlorobenzoic acid | C ₈ H ₆ Cl ₂ O ₂ | 205.04 | 3 | 2,15,24 |
| 49 | Nitromethane | CH ₃ NO ₂ | 61.04 | 5 | 3,5,12,16,18 | 99 | Benzene | C ₆ H ₆ | 78.11 | 3 | 3,9,16 |
| 50 | 3-Chloropropyl- <i>p</i> -toluenesulfonate | C ₁₀ H ₁₃ ClO ₃ S | 248.73 | 5 | 3,15,16,17,18 | 100 | 3-Chloropropylamine | C ₃ H ₈ ClN | 93.56 | 3 | 3,15,16 |
| 51 | 1-Bromo-4-chlorobenzene | C ₆ H ₄ BrCl | 191.46 | 5 | 5,7,10,15,22 | 101 | 3-Bromopropylamine | C ₃ H ₈ BrN | 138.01 | 3 | 3,16,17 |
| 52 | Acetonitrile | C ₂ H ₃ N | 41.05 | 5 | 5,12,13,17,18 | 102 | 2-Chlorophenylboronic acid | C ₆ H ₆ BClO ₂ | 156.38 | 3 | 5,10,19 |
| 53 | Succinic semialdehyde | C ₄ H ₆ O ₃ | 102.09 | 5 | 5,15,16,17,18 | 103 ^b | 3-Aminopropanal | C ₃ H ₇ NO | 73.10 | 3 | 5,17,18 |
| 54 | Chloromethyl methyl ether | C ₂ H ₅ ClO | 80.51 | 5 | 5,8,16,17,18 | 104 | 2-Aminopropionitrile | C ₃ H ₆ N ₂ | 70.09 | 3 | 5,17,18 |
| 55 | 1,2-Diiodoethane | C ₂ H ₄ I ₂ | 281.86 | 5 | 6,15,16,17,18 | 105 | β-Alanine | C ₃ H ₇ NO ₂ | 89.09 | 3 | 5,17,18 |
| 56 | Bromoacetic acid | C ₂ H ₃ BrO ₂ | 138.95 | 4 | 1,14,16,17 | 106 | β-Alanine methyl ester | C ₄ H ₉ NO ₂ | 103.12 | 3 | 5,17,18 |
| 57 | Methyl bromoacetate | C ₃ H ₅ BrO ₂ | 152.98 | 4 | 1,13,16,17 | 107 ^b | Malondialdehyde | C ₃ H ₄ O ₂ | 72.06 | 3 | 5,17,18 |
| 58 | Phosgene | CCl ₂ O | 98.92 | 4 | 1,10,13,22 | 108 | Malononitrile | C ₃ H ₂ N ₂ | 66.06 | 3 | 5,17,18 |
| 59 | Carbon dioxide | CO ₂ | 44.01 | 4 | 3,21,22,23 | 109 | Methyl acrylate | C ₄ H ₆ O ₂ | 86.09 | 3 | 5,16,18 |
| 60 | 1-Bromo-2-fluorobenzene | C ₆ H ₄ BrF | 175.00 | 4 | 4,10,21,22 | 110 ^b | 2-Iodoethylene- <i>p</i> -toluenesulfonate | C ₆ H ₁₁ IO ₃ S | 326.15 | 3 | 6,16,18 |
| 61 | Glyoxal | C ₂ H ₂ O ₂ | 58.04 | 4 | 5,12,17,18 | 111 | Ethylene di(<i>p</i> -toluenesulfonate) | C ₁₆ H ₁₈ O ₆ S ₂ | 370.45 | 3 | 6,16,18 |
| 62 | Methyl acetate | C ₃ H ₆ O ₂ | 74.08 | 4 | 5,13,16,18 | 112 ^b | 2-Iodo- <i>N</i> -methyl ethanamide | C ₃ H ₈ IN | 185.01 | 3 | 6,12,18 |
| 63 | 1-Formylpiperidine | C ₆ H ₁₁ NO | 113.16 | 4 | 5,15,17,18 | 113 | 2-Dimethyl aminoethanol | C ₄ H ₁₁ NO | 89.14 | 3 | 6,15,17 |
| 64 | 3-Chloropropanal | C ₃ H ₅ ClO | 92.53 | 4 | 5,16,17,18 | 114 | 1,2-Dichloroethane | C ₂ H ₄ Cl ₂ | 98.96 | 3 | 6,16,19 |
| 65 | 2-Chloro- <i>N,N</i> -dimethylethylamine | C ₄ H ₁₀ ClN | 107.58 | 4 | 6,15,17,21 | 115 ^b | 2-Bromoacetaldehyde | C ₂ H ₃ BrO | 122.95 | 3 | 6,16,17 |
| 66 | 2-Bromoethyl- <i>p</i> -toluenesulfonate | C ₉ H ₁₁ BrO ₃ S | 279.15 | 4 | 6,14,16,18 | 116 | Chloroacetonitrile | C ₂ H ₂ ClN | 75.50 | 3 | 6,7,16 |
| 67 | 1,2-Dibromoethane | C ₂ H ₄ Br ₂ | 187.86 | 4 | 6,16,17,18 | 117 | 4-Chlorophenylboronic acid | C ₆ H ₆ BClO ₂ | 156.38 | 3 | 7,9,10 |
| 68 | Cyanomethyl <i>p</i> -toluenesulfonate | C ₉ H ₉ NO ₃ S | 211.24 | 4 | 6,7,16,18 | 118 | Iodoacetamide | C ₂ H ₄ INO | 184.96 | 3 | 7,16,23 |
| 69 | Iodoacetonitrile | C ₂ H ₂ IN | 166.95 | 4 | 6,7,16,18 | 119 | Diethyl chlorophosphate | C ₄ H ₁₀ ClO ₃ P | 172.55 | 3 | 7,8,23 |
| 70 | <i>p</i> -Chloroaniline | C ₆ H ₆ ClN | 127.57 | 4 | 7,9,15,22 | 120 | Benzoyl cyanide | C ₈ H ₅ NO | 131.14 | 3 | 8,9,13 |
| 71 | Benzaldehyde | C ₇ H ₆ O | 106.13 | 4 | 8,9,12,16 | 121 | 2-Bromo-4-chloroaniline | C ₆ H ₅ BrClN | 206.47 | 3 | 9,22,24 |
| 72 | Bromobenzene | C ₆ H ₅ Br | 157.01 | 4 | 8,12,16,17 | 122 | 4-Aminophenol | C ₆ H ₇ NO | 109.13 | 3 | 9,10,21 |
| 73 | <i>N</i> -Phenyl-bis(trifluoro-methanesulfonimide) | C ₈ H ₅ F ₆ NO ₄ S ₂ | 357.25 | 4 | 8,18,19,24 | 123 | 1,2-Dibromobenzene | C ₆ H ₄ Br ₂ | 235.91 | 3 | 10,17,19 |
| 74 | Trifluoromethane sulfonic anhydride | C ₂ F ₆ O ₅ S ₂ | 282.14 | 4 | 10,16,17,23 | 124 | 2-Fluorobenzoic acid | C ₇ H ₅ FO ₂ | 140.12 | 3 | 10,21,22 |

(continued)

Table 1. (continued)

| No. | Name | M.F. | M.W. | N ^a | Targets | No. | Name | M.F. | M.W. | N ^a | Targets |
|------------------|-----------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------|--------|----------------|----------|------------------|------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------|--------|----------------|---------|
| 125 | 2-Chloroaniline | C ₆ H ₆ ClN | 127.57 | 3 | 10,23,24 | 175 | 4-Nitrobenzenesulfonic acid | C ₆ H ₅ NO ₃ S | 203.17 | 2 | 4,23 |
| 126 | 2-Amino-5-chlorobenzoic acid | C ₇ H ₆ ClNO ₂ | 171.58 | 3 | 10,22,24 | 176 | Piperazine | C ₄ H ₁₀ N ₂ | 86.14 | 2 | 4,10 |
| 127 | 2-Chloroethanol | C ₂ H ₅ ClO | 80.51 | 3 | 11,16,19 | 177 | Bromopyruvic acid | C ₃ H ₃ BrO ₃ | 166.96 | 2 | 5,24 |
| 128 ^b | 3-(Methylamino)propanal | C ₄ H ₉ NO | 87.12 | 3 | 12,17,18 | 178 | 4-Bromo-1,2-dichlorobenzene | C ₆ H ₃ BrCl ₂ | 225.90 | 2 | 5,19 |
| 129 | 3-Methylaminopropionitrile | C ₄ H ₈ N ₂ | 84.12 | 3 | 12,17,18 | 179 | Trimethyltin chloride | C ₃ H ₉ ClSn | 199.25 | 2 | 5,13 |
| 130 | α-Vinylbenzyl alcohol | C ₉ H ₁₀ O | 134.18 | 3 | 12,13,16 | 180 | 1-Bromo-3-chlorobenzene | C ₆ H ₄ BrCl | 191.46 | 2 | 5,13 |
| 131 | Acetone | C ₃ H ₆ O | 58.08 | 3 | 13,16,17 | 181 ^b | <i>m</i> -Chlorophenyl-trimethylstannane | C ₉ H ₁₃ ClSn | 275.35 | 2 | 5,13 |
| 132 | Acetic acid | C ₂ H ₄ O ₂ | 60.05 | 3 | 13,14,18 | 182 | Acetyl chloride | C ₂ H ₃ ClO | 78.50 | 2 | 5,14 |
| 133 | Allyltrimethylsilane | C ₆ H ₁₄ Si | 114.26 | 3 | 13,16,17 | 183 | <i>N</i> -Acetyl glycine | C ₄ H ₇ NO ₃ | 117.11 | 2 | 5,14 |
| 134 | Acrylic acid | C ₃ H ₄ O ₂ | 72.06 | 3 | 13,17,18 | 184 | <i>N</i> -(Cyanomethyl)acetamide | C ₄ H ₆ N ₂ O | 98.11 | 2 | 5,14 |
| 135 | <i>N,o</i> -Dimethyl-hydroxylamine | C ₂ H ₇ NO | 61.08 | 3 | 13,15,17 | 185 | 1-Chloro-4-iodobenzene | C ₆ H ₄ ClI | 238.46 | 2 | 5,10 |
| 136 | Fluorobenzene | C ₆ H ₅ F | 96.11 | 3 | 15,21,22 | 186 | 3-Iodophenol | C ₆ H ₅ IO | 220.01 | 2 | 5,13 |
| 137 | 3-Bromopropionyl chloride | C ₃ H ₄ BrClO | 171.42 | 3 | 15,16,17 | 187 | 1-Chloro-3-iodobenzene | C ₆ H ₄ ClI | 238.46 | 2 | 5,13 |
| 138 | 3-Bromopropanol | C ₃ H ₇ BrO | 138.99 | 3 | 16,17,18 | 188 | 2-Chlorophenol | C ₆ H ₅ ClO | 128.56 | 2 | 5,10 |
| 139 ^b | 3-Bromopropanal | C ₃ H ₅ BrO | 136.98 | 3 | 16,17,18 | 189 | 4-Amino-2-chlorophenol | C ₆ H ₆ ClNO | 143.57 | 2 | 5,20 |
| 140 | 4-Bromo-1-butene | C ₄ H ₇ Br | 135.00 | 3 | 16,17,18 | 190 | <i>p,p</i> -Dimethyl-phosphonoacetate | C ₄ H ₉ O ₃ P | 168.09 | 2 | 5,18 |
| 141 | 3-Bromopropionic acid | C ₃ H ₅ BrO ₂ | 152.98 | 3 | 16,17,18 | 191 | Methyl malonate | C ₄ H ₆ O ₄ | 118.09 | 2 | 5,16 |
| 142 | Methyl 3-bromopropionate | C ₄ H ₇ BrO ₂ | 167.00 | 3 | 16,17,18 | 192 | 3-Amino-4-chlorobenzoic acid | C ₇ H ₆ ClNO ₂ | 171.58 | 2 | 5,24 |
| 143 | 3-Hydroxypropionitrile | C ₃ H ₅ NO | 71.08 | 3 | 16,17,18 | 193 | 4-Bromo-2-chloroaniline | C ₆ H ₅ BrClN | 206.47 | 2 | 5,24 |
| 144 ^b | 3-(4-Methylphenyl-sulfonyloxy)-propanal | C ₁₀ H ₁₂ O ₄ S | 228.27 | 3 | 16,17,18 | 194 | Ethyl acrylate | C ₅ H ₈ O ₂ | 100.12 | 2 | 5,16 |
| 145 | 2-Bromoethanol | C ₂ H ₅ BrO | 124.97 | 3 | 16,17,19 | 195 | Furfural | C ₅ H ₄ O ₂ | 96.09 | 2 | 6,18 |
| 146 | 3-Iodopropionic acid | C ₃ H ₅ IO ₂ | 199.98 | 3 | 16,17,18 | 196 ^b | 2-Dimethylaminoethyl iodide | C ₄ H ₁₀ IN | 199.04 | 2 | 6,15 |
| 147 | Acrylamide | C ₃ H ₅ NO | 71.08 | 3 | 16,17,18 | 197 ^b | 2-Bromofuran | C ₄ H ₃ BrO | 146.97 | 2 | 6,18 |
| 148 | 3-Chloropropionamide | C ₃ H ₆ ClNO | 107.54 | 3 | 16,17,18 | 198 ^b | 2-(Dimethylamino)ethyl bromide | C ₄ H ₁₀ BrN | 152.04 | 2 | 6,17 |
| 149 | 3-Chloropropionitrile | C ₃ H ₄ ClN | 89.53 | 3 | 16,17,18 | 199 | 2-Thiophenecarboxaldehyde | C ₅ H ₄ OS | 112.15 | 2 | 6,18 |
| 150 | Acetone oxide | C ₃ H ₇ NO | 73.10 | 3 | 16,18,21 | 200 | 2-Bromothiophene | C ₄ H ₃ BrS | 163.04 | 2 | 6,18 |
| 151 | Methyl cyanoacetate | C ₄ H ₅ NO ₂ | 99.09 | 3 | 16,18,20 | 201 | Thiophene | C ₄ H ₄ S | 84.14 | 2 | 6,18 |
| 152 | Bromoethane | C ₂ H ₅ Br | 108.97 | 3 | 20,22,23 | 202 | 2-Chlorothiophene | C ₄ H ₃ ClS | 118.59 | 2 | 6,18 |
| 153 | 3,3,4-Trimethyl-2-oxazolium iodide | C ₆ H ₁₂ NO | 114.17 | 3 | 20,22,24 | 203 | 2-Thiophenecarbonitrile | C ₅ H ₃ NS | 109.15 | 2 | 6,18 |
| 154 | 2-Amino-4-chlorophenol | C ₆ H ₆ ClNO | 143.57 | 3 | 20,22,24 | 204 ^c | 2-Methylamino-ethyl <i>p</i> -toluenesulfonate | C ₁₀ H ₁₅ NO ₃ S | 229.30 | 2 | 6,18 |
| 155 | Ethyl bromoacetate | C ₄ H ₇ BrO ₂ | 167.00 | 2 | 1,22 | 205 ^b | 2-Bromo- <i>N</i> -methylethylamine | C ₃ H ₈ BrN | 138.01 | 2 | 6,18 |
| 156 | Phenyl bromoacetate | C ₈ H ₇ BrO ₂ | 215.05 | 2 | 1,14 | 206 ^b | 2-Iodoethylamine | C ₂ H ₆ IN | 170.98 | 2 | 6,18 |
| 157 | Glycolic acid | C ₂ H ₄ O ₃ | 76.05 | 2 | 1,16 | 207 | 2-Chloroethylamine | C ₂ H ₆ ClN | 79.53 | 2 | 6,19 |
| 158 | Methyl glycolate | C ₃ H ₆ O ₃ | 90.08 | 2 | 1,16 | 208 | 2-Bromoethylamine | C ₂ H ₆ BrN | 123.98 | 2 | 6,18 |
| 159 | Iodoacetic acid | C ₂ H ₃ IO ₂ | 185.95 | 2 | 1,18 | 209 ^b | 2-Oxo-ethyl <i>p</i> -toluenesulfonate | C ₉ H ₁₀ O ₄ S | 214.24 | 2 | 6,16 |
| 160 | Iodoacetic anhydride | C ₄ H ₄ I ₂ O ₃ | 353.88 | 2 | 1,18 | 210 ^b | (Methoxymethyl)dimethylamine | C ₄ H ₁₁ NO | 89.14 | 2 | 6,15 |
| 161 | Ethyl iodoacetate | C ₄ H ₇ IO ₂ | 214.00 | 2 | 1,22 | 211 | Piperidine | C ₅ H ₁₁ N | 85.15 | 2 | 7,24 |
| 162 | Phenylboronic acid | C ₆ H ₇ BO ₂ | 121.93 | 2 | 1,10 | 212 | 2-Chloroacetamide | C ₂ H ₄ ClNO | 93.51 | 2 | 7,16 |
| 163 | Urea | CH ₄ N ₂ O | 60.06 | 2 | 1,7 | 213 | 1,4-Dichlorobenzene | C ₆ H ₄ Cl ₂ | 147.00 | 2 | 7,15 |
| 164 | Dimethyl carbonate | C ₃ H ₆ O ₃ | 90.08 | 2 | 2,22 | 214 | 2-Chloro-1,1,1-trimethoxyethane | C ₅ H ₁₁ ClO ₃ | 154.59 | 2 | 7,9 |
| 165 | (Trimethylsilyl)diazomethane | C ₄ H ₁₀ N ₂ Si | 114.22 | 2 | 2,24 | 215 | Aminoacetonitrile | C ₂ H ₄ N ₂ | 56.07 | 2 | 7,22 |
| 166 | 3,4-Dichlorobenzoic acid | C ₇ H ₄ Cl ₂ O ₂ | 191.01 | 2 | 2,24 | 216 | 3-Carboxyphenylboronic acid | C ₇ H ₇ BO ₄ | 165.94 | 2 | 7,10 |
| 167 | 2-Fluoroaniline | C ₆ H ₆ FN | 111.12 | 2 | 2,10 | 217 | 4-Iodophenylboronic acid | C ₆ H ₆ BIO ₂ | 247.83 | 2 | 7,10 |
| 168 | Chlorosulfonyl isocyanate | CClNO ₃ S | 141.53 | 2 | 2,10 | 218 | 4-Hydroxyphenylboronic acid | C ₆ H ₇ BO ₃ | 137.93 | 2 | 7,10 |
| 169 | 4-Amino-3-chlorobenzonitrile | C ₇ H ₅ ClN ₂ | 152.58 | 2 | 2,24 | 219 ^b | Trimethylsilane | C ₃ H ₁₀ Si | 74.20 | 2 | 8,16 |
| 170 | 3-Amino-3-phenylpropionic acid | C ₉ H ₁₁ NO ₂ | 165.19 | 2 | 3,16 | 220 | Nitrosobenzene | C ₆ H ₅ NO | 107.11 | 2 | 8,22 |
| 171 | Gentisic acid | C ₇ H ₆ O ₄ | 154.12 | 2 | 3,10 | 221 ^b | Methyl ethanehydrazonate | C ₃ H ₈ N ₂ O | 88.11 | 2 | 9,23 |
| 172 | Methyl chloroformate | C ₂ H ₃ ClO ₂ | 94.50 | 2 | 3,16 | 222 | Methoxylamine | CH ₃ NO | 47.06 | 2 | 9,16 |
| 173 | Methyl 2,5-dihydroxybenzoate | C ₈ H ₈ O ₄ | 168.15 | 2 | 3,10 | 223 | 4-Nitrophenyl 4-toluenesulfonate | C ₁₃ H ₁₁ NO ₃ S | 293.30 | 2 | 9,22 |
| 174 | Diethylenetriamine | C ₄ H ₁₃ N ₃ | 103.17 | 2 | 4,10 | 224 | 2,4-Dichlorophenylboronic acid | C ₆ H ₅ BCl ₂ O ₂ | 190.82 | 2 | 9,22 |

| | | | | | | | | | | | |
|------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------|--------|---|-------|------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------|--------|---|-------|
| 225 | 4-Chlorophenol | C ₆ H ₅ ClO | 128.56 | 2 | 10,22 | 273 ^b | 4-Dimethylamino- <i>N</i> -methoxy- <i>N</i> -methylbutylamide | C ₈ H ₁₈ N ₂ O ₂ | 174.24 | 2 | 15,17 |
| 226 | 2-Iodoaniline | C ₆ H ₆ I | 219.03 | 2 | 10,19 | 274 ^b | (3-Bromopropyl)dimethylamine | C ₅ H ₁₂ BrN | 166.06 | 2 | 15,17 |
| 227 | 2-Bromophenyl | C ₆ H ₅ Br | 173.01 | 2 | 10,19 | 275 | 3-Dimethylamino-1-propanol | C ₅ H ₁₃ NO | 103.17 | 2 | 15,17 |
| 228 | Salicylic acid | C ₇ H ₆ O ₃ | 138.12 | 2 | 10,23 | 276 | 1,3-Diiodopropane | C ₃ H ₆ I ₂ | 295.89 | 2 | 15,16 |
| 229 | Phenol | C ₆ H ₆ O | 94.11 | 2 | 10,13 | 277 | 3-Dimethylamino-1-propylchloride | C ₅ H ₁₂ ClN | 121.61 | 2 | 15,17 |
| 230 | 1-Bromo-2-iodobenzene | C ₆ H ₄ BrI | 282.91 | 2 | 10,19 | 278 | 4-Bromobenzaldehyde | C ₇ H ₅ BrO | 185.02 | 2 | 15,21 |
| 231 | 2-Bromobenzoic acid | C ₇ H ₅ BrO ₂ | 201.02 | 2 | 10,17 | 279 | <i>N,N</i> -Dimethylacetamide | C ₄ H ₉ NO | 87.12 | 2 | 15,17 |
| 232 | 2-Bromophenylboronic acid | C ₆ H ₆ BBrO ₂ | 200.83 | 2 | 10,19 | 280 | Allyltributylstannane | C ₁₅ H ₃₂ Sn | 331.11 | 2 | 15,18 |
| 233 | 2-Bromoaniline | C ₆ H ₆ BrN | 172.03 | 2 | 10,17 | 281 | 2-Chlorobenzyl chloride | C ₇ H ₆ Cl ₂ | 161.03 | 2 | 15,17 |
| 234 | 2-Iodophenol | C ₆ H ₅ IO | 220.01 | 2 | 10,19 | 282 | 1-Naphthol | C ₁₀ H ₈ O | 144.17 | 2 | 16,18 |
| 235 | 2-Fluorobenzamide | C ₇ H ₆ FNO | 139.13 | 2 | 10,22 | 283 | 1-Fluoronaphthalene | C ₁₀ H ₇ F | 146.17 | 2 | 16,18 |
| 236 | <i>o</i> -Anisidine | C ₇ H ₉ NO | 123.16 | 2 | 10,13 | 284 | 1-Iodonaphthalene | C ₁₀ H ₇ I | 254.07 | 2 | 16,18 |
| 237 | Methyl 2,5-dichlorobenzoate | C ₈ H ₆ Cl ₂ O ₂ | 205.04 | 2 | 10,15 | 285 | 2-(Diethylamino)acetonitrile | C ₆ H ₁₂ N ₂ | 112.18 | 2 | 16,17 |
| 238 | Trifluoromethanesulfonyl chloride | CClF ₃ O ₂ S | 168.52 | 2 | 10,17 | 286 ^b | 1-Bromo-3-tosyloxypropane | C ₁₀ H ₁₃ BrO ₃ S | 293.18 | 2 | 16,17 |
| 239 | 4-Chlorocatechol | C ₆ H ₅ ClO ₂ | 144.56 | 2 | 10,20 | 287 | Acetamide | C ₂ H ₅ NO | 59.07 | 2 | 16,18 |
| 240 | 3-Chlorobenzoic acid | C ₇ H ₅ ClO ₂ | 156.57 | 2 | 10,13 | 288 | 2-Bromoacetamide | C ₂ H ₄ BrNO | 137.96 | 2 | 16,17 |
| 241 | 5-Chlorosalicylaldehyde | C ₇ H ₅ ClO ₂ | 156.57 | 2 | 10,22 | 289 | Methyl malonate monoamide | C ₄ H ₇ NO ₃ | 117.11 | 2 | 16,22 |
| 242 | 2,5-Dichlorotoluene | C ₇ H ₆ Cl ₂ | 161.03 | 2 | 10,15 | 290 | 3-Chloropropionic acid | C ₃ H ₅ ClO ₂ | 108.53 | 2 | 16,17 |
| 243 | Methyl 2-amino-5-chlorobenzoate | C ₈ H ₈ ClNO ₂ | 185.61 | 2 | 10,22 | 291 | 2-Chloroethoxytrimethylsilane | C ₅ H ₁₃ ClOSi | 152.70 | 2 | 16,18 |
| 244 | <i>N</i> -(2-Hydroxyphenyl)- <i>p</i> -toluenesulfonamide | C ₁₃ H ₁₃ NO ₃ S | 263.32 | 2 | 10,23 | 292 | 1-Bromo-2-chloroethane | C ₂ H ₄ BrCl | 143.41 | 2 | 16,17 |
| 245 | 4-Nitrophenyl chloroformate | C ₇ H ₄ ClNO ₄ | 201.57 | 2 | 10,22 | 293 | 1,3-Dichloropropane | C ₃ H ₆ Cl ₂ | 112.99 | 2 | 16,17 |
| 246 | <i>o</i> -Phenylenediamine | C ₆ H ₈ N ₂ | 108.14 | 2 | 10,24 | 294 | 3-Iodo-1-propanol | C ₃ H ₇ IO | 185.99 | 2 | 16,17 |
| 247 | 1-Bromo-2-chlorobenzene | C ₆ H ₄ BrCl | 191.46 | 2 | 10,19 | 295 | <i>N,N</i> -Dimethylformamide dimethyl acetal | C ₅ H ₁₃ NO ₂ | 119.16 | 2 | 16,19 |
| 248 | 1-Bromo-4-fluorobenzene | C ₆ H ₄ BrF | 175.00 | 2 | 11,15 | 296 | Propargyl <i>p</i> -toluenesulfonate | C ₁₀ H ₁₀ O ₃ S | 210.25 | 2 | 16,18 |
| 249 | 2-Bromo-4-fluoroacetophenone | C ₈ H ₆ BrFO | 217.04 | 2 | 11,15 | 297 | Propargyl chloride | C ₃ H ₃ Cl | 74.51 | 2 | 16,18 |
| 250 | Ethanolamine | C ₂ H ₇ NO | 61.08 | 2 | 11,18 | 298 | 5,6,7,8-Tetrahydro-1-naphthol | C ₁₀ H ₁₂ O | 148.21 | 2 | 16,18 |
| 251 ^b | 3-Hydroxy-3-phenyl-propyl-toluenesulfonate | C ₁₆ H ₁₈ O ₄ S | 306.38 | 2 | 12,16 | 299 | Formamide | CH ₃ NO | 45.04 | 2 | 16,17 |
| 252 | (<i>R</i>)-1-Phenyl-1,3-propanediol | C ₉ H ₁₂ O ₂ | 152.19 | 2 | 12,16 | 300 | Acrylonitrile | C ₃ H ₃ N | 53.06 | 2 | 16,18 |
| 253 | (<i>R</i>)-3-Chloro-1-phenyl-1-propanol | C ₉ H ₁₁ ClO | 170.64 | 2 | 12,16 | 301 | Phenyl vinyl sulfone | C ₈ H ₈ O ₂ S | 168.22 | 2 | 16,18 |
| 254 | Acetophenone | C ₈ H ₈ O | 120.15 | 2 | 12,16 | 302 | 2-Chloroethyl phenyl sulfone | C ₈ H ₉ ClO ₂ S | 204.68 | 2 | 16,18 |
| 255 | Vinyl phenyl ketone | C ₉ H ₈ O | 132.16 | 2 | 12,16 | 303 | 1-Methoxy-1,3,3-trimethylurea | C ₅ H ₁₂ N ₂ O ₂ | 132.16 | 2 | 16,17 |
| 256 | (2-Hydroxyethyl)methylamine | C ₃ H ₉ NO | 75.11 | 2 | 12,18 | 304 | <i>N,N</i> -Dimethylacrylamide | C ₅ H ₉ NO | 99.13 | 2 | 16,17 |
| 257 | (<i>S</i>)-Styrene oxide | C ₈ H ₈ O | 120.15 | 2 | 12,16 | 305 | 1-Chloronaphthalene | C ₁₀ H ₇ Cl | 162.62 | 2 | 16,18 |
| 258 | Allyl alcohol | C ₃ H ₆ O | 58.08 | 2 | 13,16 | 306 | Methyl propiolate | C ₄ H ₄ O ₂ | 84.08 | 2 | 16,19 |
| 259 | Hydroxyacetone | C ₃ H ₆ O ₂ | 74.08 | 2 | 13,16 | 307 | Methyl malonyl chloride | C ₄ H ₅ ClO ₃ | 136.54 | 2 | 16,22 |
| 260 | Methyl pyruvate | C ₄ H ₆ O ₃ | 102.09 | 2 | 13,19 | 308 | Phenyl trifluoromethanesulfonate | C ₇ H ₅ F ₃ O ₃ S | 226.18 | 2 | 16,17 |
| 261 | Vinyl methyl ketone | C ₄ H ₆ O | 70.09 | 2 | 13,16 | 309 | 2-Bromobenzaldehyde | C ₇ H ₅ BrO | 185.02 | 2 | 17,19 |
| 262 | Methylglyoxal | C ₃ H ₄ O ₂ | 72.06 | 2 | 13,24 | 310 ^b | Cyanoacetaldehyde | C ₃ H ₃ NO | 69.06 | 2 | 17,18 |
| 263 | Dimethyl malonate | C ₅ H ₈ O ₄ | 132.12 | 2 | 13,16 | 311 | Cyanoacetamide | C ₃ H ₄ N ₂ O | 84.08 | 2 | 17,18 |
| 264 | 3-Butenoic acid | C ₄ H ₆ O ₂ | 86.09 | 2 | 13,16 | 312 | Trimethyl phosphonoacetate | C ₅ H ₁₁ O ₅ P | 182.11 | 2 | 17,18 |
| 265 | (Trimethylsiloxy)ethylene | C ₅ H ₁₂ OSi | 116.24 | 2 | 13,15 | 313 | 2-Chlorobenzaldehyde | C ₇ H ₅ ClO | 140.57 | 2 | 19,23 |
| 266 | Acryl chloride | C ₃ H ₃ ClO | 90.51 | 2 | 13,21 | 314 | 2-Fluorobenzoyl chloride | C ₇ H ₄ ClFO | 158.56 | 2 | 21,22 |
| 267 | 4-(Methylamino)butyric acid | C ₅ H ₁₁ NO ₂ | 117.15 | 2 | 15,17 | 315 | 2-Fluorobenzonitrile | C ₇ H ₄ FN | 121.12 | 2 | 21,22 |
| 268 | 1-Bromo-3-chloropropane | C ₃ H ₆ BrCl | 157.44 | 2 | 15,16 | 316 | 2-Fluorobenzaldehyde | C ₇ H ₅ FO | 124.12 | 2 | 21,22 |
| 269 | 4-(Dimethylamino)butyric acid | C ₆ H ₁₃ NO ₂ | 131.18 | 2 | 15,17 | 317 | 2-Chloroacetophenone | C ₈ H ₇ ClO | 154.60 | 2 | 21,23 |
| 270 ^b | 4-(Dimethylamino)butanoyl chloride | C ₆ H ₁₂ ClNO | 149.62 | 2 | 15,17 | 318 | Methyl 2-fluorobenzoate | C ₈ H ₇ FO ₂ | 154.14 | 2 | 21,22 |
| 271 | 4-(Dimethylamino)butyronitrile | C ₆ H ₁₂ N ₂ | 112.18 | 2 | 15,17 | 319 | 2-Amino-4-chlorobenzoic acid | C ₇ H ₆ ClNO ₂ | 171.58 | 2 | 22,24 |
| 272 | <i>N,N</i> -Dimethylallylamine | C ₅ H ₁₁ N | 85.15 | 2 | 15,17 | 320 | 4-Chloro-2-iodoaniline | C ₆ H ₅ ClIN | 253.47 | 2 | 22,24 |

^a The number of the corresponding targets.

^b Not commercially available compound.

^c No CAS registry number.

Figure 2 shows the procedures to collect common intermediates. At first, SYNSUP is executed for 24 targets one after another. Next, from the proposed routes, intermediates and starting materials are collected. Finally, common intermediates are extracted by comparison of intermediates among targets. SYNSUP is written in C++ and a small script to extract common intermediates by comparison among synthetic routes is written in PERL.³⁹ Both of them have been executed on Linux machines.

3. Results and discussion

At first, we looked for the common intermediates in the reported synthetic routes of 24 targets. Piperazine, piperidine, and 3-dimethylaminopropyl magnesium chloride were found as common intermediates. Piperazine is found in the routes for **4**¹⁸ and **10**,²⁴ piperidine for **7**²¹ and **24**,³⁸ and 3-dimethylaminopropyl magnesium chloride for **15**²⁹ and **17**³¹ as shown in Scheme 2.

In the known routes of 24 targets, there was no common intermediate leading to more than two targets. However using the proposed routes of the synthesis design system enabled us to find such common intermediates for routes to various targets.

In this study, we considered the common intermediates containing at least one carbon atom. Table 1 is a list of all common intermediates extracted by comparison among the result of SYNSUP executions. In addition, Table 2 summarizes the number of proposed routes, intermediates, common intermediates, the number of steps in the routes, and the execution times of SYNSUP on a Xeon/2.8 GHz. It took only a few minutes for the PERL script to find

common intermediates from proposed synthetic routes of all targets.

From the result of executions, all targets were found to have some common intermediates. The number of common intermediates of each target was roughly proportional to the number of proposed routes and the intermediates involved in the routes (Figs. 3 and 4). The correlation coefficients were 0.872 and 0.842, respectively.

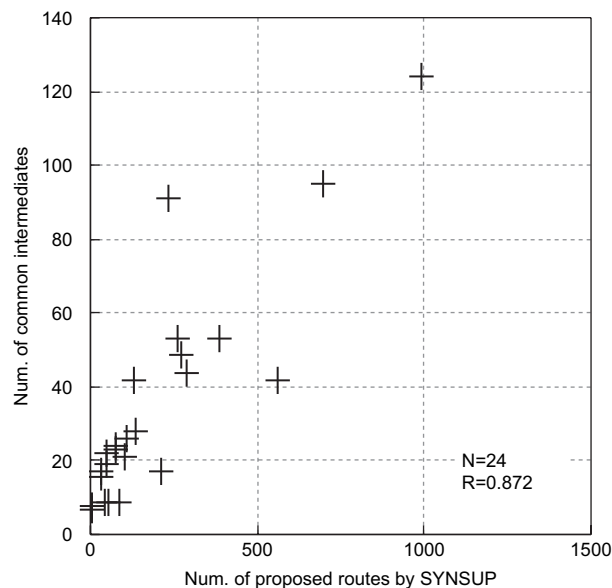


Figure 3. Dependence of the number of the common intermediates on the number of the proposed routes by SYNSUP.

Table 2. The results of SYNSUP jobs and the extracted common intermediates

| Target | Number | | | Min. steps | Max. steps | CPU time |
|--------|-----------------|---------------|----------------------|------------|------------|------------------|
| | Proposed routes | Intermediates | Common intermediates | | | |
| 1 | 82 | 71 | 24 | 5 | 5 | 3 h 31 min 24 s |
| 2 | 109 | 109 | 22 | 3 | 4 | 2 h 26 min 48 s |
| 3 | 217 | 161 | 18 | 3 | 4 | 1 h 24 min 46 s |
| 4 | 13 | 25 | 8 | 3 | 4 | 59 min 11 s |
| 5 | 292 | 262 | 45 | 3 | 4 | 47 min 27 s |
| 6 | 570 | 115 | 43 | 3 | 4 | 25 min 44 s |
| 7 | 57 | 55 | 20 | 3 | 4 | 10 min 51 s |
| 8 | 59 | 74 | 10 | 2 | 4 | 16 min 10 s |
| 9 | 37 | 87 | 18 | 2 | 4 | 3 min 23 s |
| 10 | 394 | 310 | 54 | 3 | 4 | 44 min 32 s |
| 11 | 11 | 27 | 9 | 3 | 4 | 10 min 10 s |
| 12 | 140 | 85 | 29 | 2 | 3 | 30 s |
| 13 | 279 | 242 | 50 | 2 | 4 | 2 min 2 s |
| 14 | 51 | 70 | 10 | 5 | 5 | 22 h 22 min 27 s |
| 15 | 267 | 162 | 54 | 3 | 4 | 1 h 4 min 13 s |
| 16 | 998 | 409 | 125 | 2 | 4 | 9 min 11 s |
| 17 | 239 | 196 | 92 | 2 | 3 | 3 min 59 s |
| 18 | 702 | 258 | 96 | 3 | 4 | 31 min 22 s |
| 19 | 83 | 72 | 25 | 4 | 4 | 4 h 38 s |
| 20 | 90 | 84 | 10 | 2 | 3 | 2 min 24 s |
| 21 | 54 | 71 | 23 | 2 | 3 | 3 min 39 s |
| 22 | 137 | 158 | 43 | 3 | 4 | 13 min 32 s |
| 23 | 40 | 77 | 17 | 5 | 5 | 8 h 31 min 42 s |
| 24 | 117 | 189 | 27 | 1 | 4 | 45 h 25 min 54 s |
| Av | 209.9 | 140.4 | 36.3 | | | |

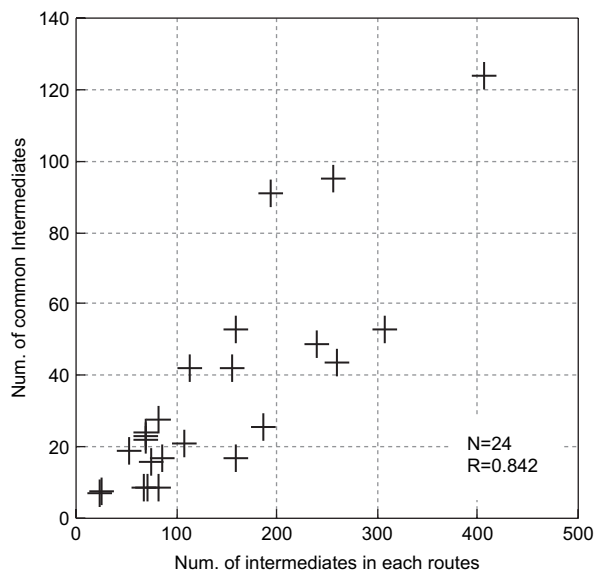


Figure 4. Dependence of the number of the common intermediates on the number of the intermediates included in the proposed routes.

In all, 296 kinds of common intermediates were found. Table 3 is a matrix of the number of common intermediates between two targets. Most of the pairs of targets share some common intermediates, especially, **16**, **17**, and **18** share more than 40 common intermediates because many proposed routes for each have the same substructure, the dimethylamino group. The targets with identical substructures tend to have more common intermediates, for example, targets **6** and **18** share 29 common intermediates because they both have a thiophene ring.

The distribution of the number of common intermediates versus the corresponding targets shows that many common intermediates lead to more than two targets, though more than half of the common intermediates led to just two targets (Fig. 5). The common intermediates for 12 targets, which are maximum, are carbon monoxide and methanol. Carbon monoxide is used for a carbonyl

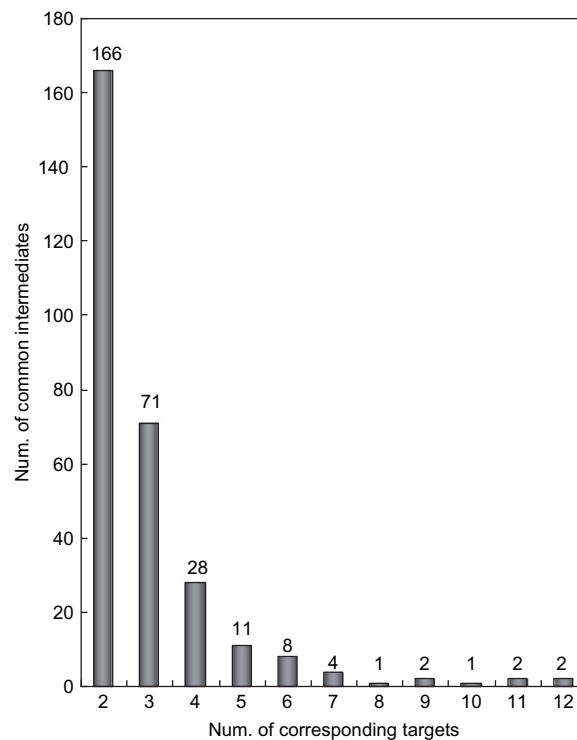


Figure 5. Distribution of the number of the common intermediates against the number of the corresponding targets.

insertion reaction in the presence of transition metals. Broadly speaking, these common intermediates were classified into carbonyl, aromatic, amine, and alkyl halide derivatives and chiral compounds.

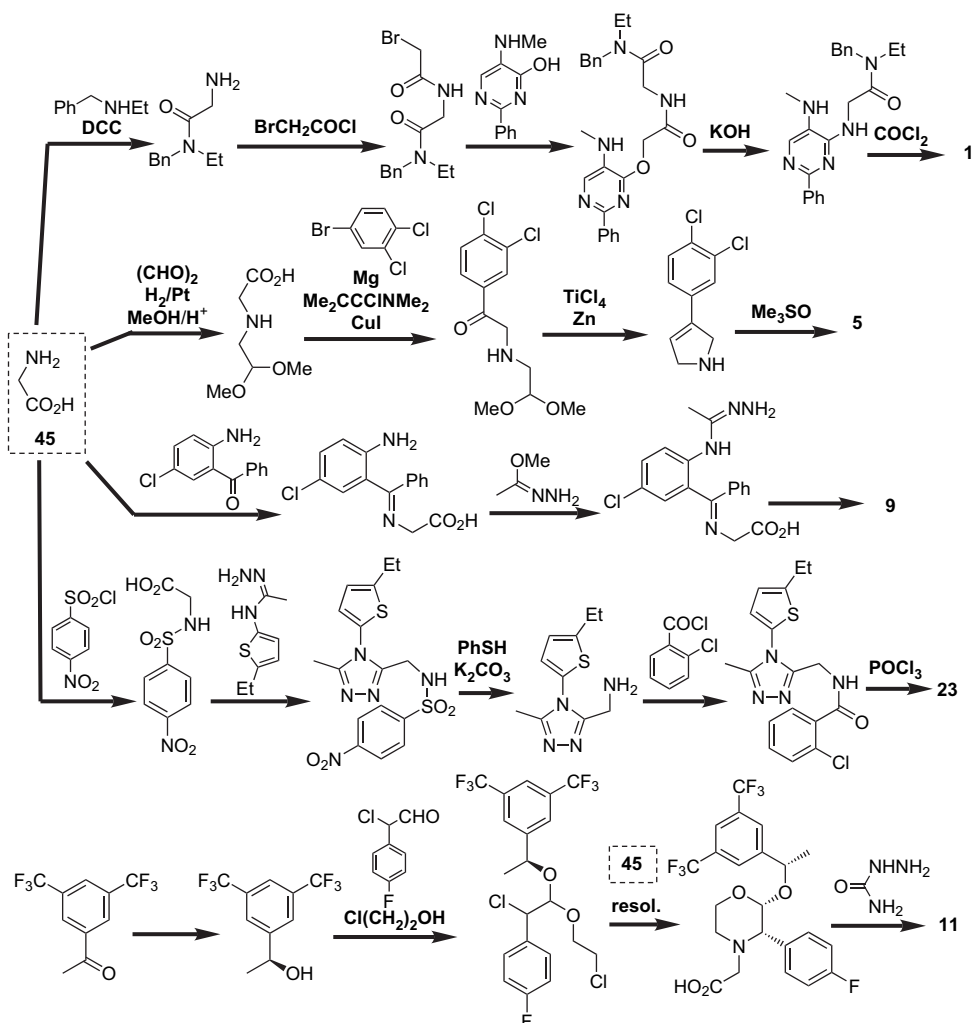
Among the common intermediates, 26 compounds have not been found in chemical catalogs. But 25 compounds of these 26 have CAS registry numbers, so it is evident that SYNSUP did not generate chemically erroneous molecules.

The proposed routes including common intermediates, a carbonyl derivative, glycine **45**, an aromatic derivative,

Table 3. The list of the number of common intermediates between two targets

| | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 | 21 | 22 | 23 | 24 |
|----|----|---|----|---|----|----|---|---|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 2 | 4 | 1 | 1 | 6 | 3 | 1 | 10 | 4 | 5 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 8 | 3 | 1 | |
| 2 | 0 | 6 | 1 | 2 | 8 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 6 | 1 | 4 | 8 | 1 | 8 | 7 | 4 | 4 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 5 | 2 | 8 | |
| 3 | 0 | 6 | 1 | 3 | 8 | 2 | 0 | 4 | 3 | 1 | 5 | 4 | 1 | 6 | 13 | 6 | 7 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 3 | |
| 4 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | |
| 5 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 4 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 5 | 4 | 6 | 11 | 3 | 5 | 14 | 19 | 21 | 4 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 4 | |
| 6 | 1 | 8 | 8 | 2 | 4 | 5 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 9 | 5 | 3 | 12 | 23 | 14 | 29 | 4 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 0 | 4 | |
| 7 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 5 | 1 | 4 | 7 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 4 | 7 | 1 | 4 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 5 | 3 | 3 | |
| 8 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 3 | 3 | 0 | 2 | 6 | 2 | 4 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 2 | |
| 9 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 0 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 3 | 3 | 0 | 2 | 5 | 1 | 3 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 6 | 3 | 4 | |
| 10 | 4 | 6 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 2 | 7 | 1 | 3 | 0 | 1 | 10 | 1 | 5 | 6 | 6 | 4 | 8 | 3 | 3 | 13 | 5 | 6 | |
| 11 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 4 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 2 | 4 | 0 | 4 | 3 | 4 | 3 | 3 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | |
| 12 | 1 | 4 | 5 | 2 | 6 | 9 | 1 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 7 | 1 | 6 | 20 | 11 | 16 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 3 | |
| 13 | 6 | 8 | 4 | 2 | 11 | 5 | 2 | 3 | 10 | 4 | 7 | 2 | 13 | 24 | 15 | 14 | 6 | 3 | 5 | 7 | 1 | 6 | 0 | |
| 14 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 4 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| 15 | 1 | 8 | 6 | 0 | 5 | 12 | 4 | 2 | 2 | 5 | 4 | 6 | 13 | 1 | 24 | 31 | 17 | 3 | 2 | 8 | 5 | 1 | 5 | |
| 16 | 10 | 7 | 13 | 1 | 14 | 23 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 6 | 3 | 20 | 24 | 4 | 24 | 55 | 58 | 8 | 5 | 6 | 8 | 4 | 6 | |
| 17 | 4 | 4 | 6 | 2 | 19 | 14 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 6 | 4 | 11 | 15 | 2 | 31 | 55 | 46 | 7 | 2 | 5 | 2 | 2 | 3 | |
| 18 | 5 | 4 | 7 | 1 | 21 | 29 | 4 | 4 | 3 | 4 | 3 | 16 | 14 | 3 | 17 | 58 | 46 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 5 | 1 | 7 | |
| 19 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 4 | 4 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 8 | 3 | 1 | 6 | 1 | 3 | 8 | 7 | 4 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 2 | |
| 20 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 0 | 1 | 3 | 0 | 2 | 5 | 2 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 6 | 2 | 4 | |
| 21 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 5 | 1 | 8 | 6 | 5 | 6 | 2 | 0 | 8 | 2 | 0 | |
| 22 | 8 | 5 | 3 | 1 | 3 | 3 | 5 | 2 | 6 | 13 | 0 | 1 | 7 | 0 | 5 | 8 | 2 | 5 | 0 | 6 | 8 | 5 | 10 | |
| 23 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 3 | 1 | 3 | 5 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 4 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 5 | 3 | |
| 24 | 1 | 8 | 3 | 0 | 4 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 4 | 6 | 1 | 3 | 6 | 0 | 5 | 6 | 3 | 7 | 2 | 4 | 0 | 10 | 3 | |

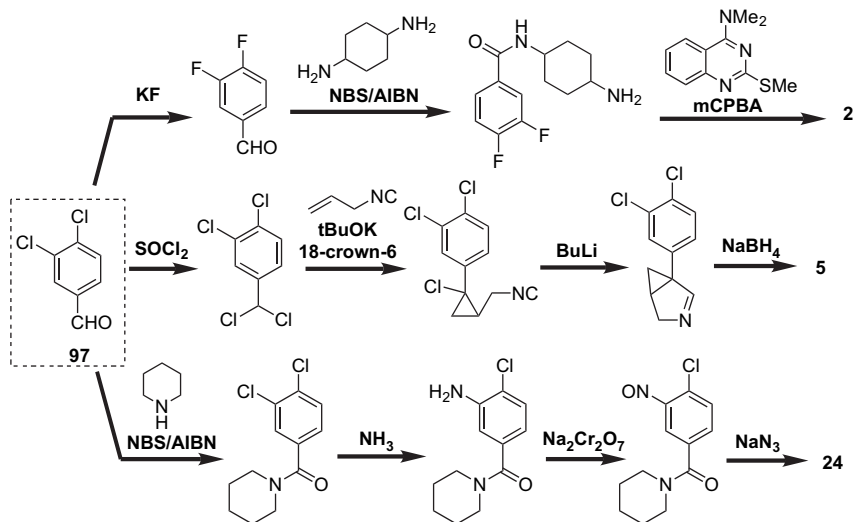
10~19, 20~39, > 39.



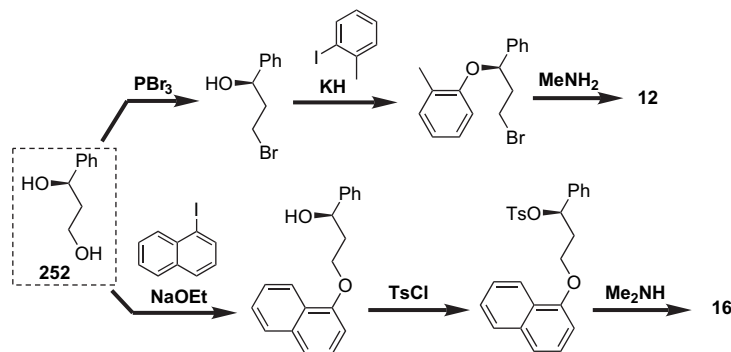
Scheme 3. Proposed synthetic routes of **1**, **5**, **9**, **11**, and **23** from **45** by SYNSUP.

3,4-dichlorobenzaldehyde **97**, and a chiral compound, (*R*)-1-phenyl-1,3-propanediol **252**, are shown in **Schemes 3–5**, respectively. In this paper, we display computer proposed routes with bold arrows, to distinguish them from experimentally reported schemes.

Compound **45** is a common intermediate of five targets, **1**, **5**, **9**, **11**, and **23**, and plays a role in a component of their heterocyclic rings (**Scheme 3**). The synthetic routes of **9** and **23** are interesting due to different and effective ring closure steps from the reported routes.



Scheme 4. Proposed routes of **2**, **5**, and **24** from **97** by SYNSUP.



Scheme 5. Proposed routes of **12** and **16** from **252** by SYNSUP.

As shown in Scheme 4, **97** must not be a realistic intermediate for targets **2**, **5**, and **24**. A cyclopropanation leading to **5** is doubtful. Amidation in the routes of **2** and **24** is also generally unused. Actually SYNSUP has some other type of amidation reactions from an amine with a carbonyl such as an acid chloride,⁴⁰ methyl ester,⁴¹ carboazide,⁴² 4-nitrophenyl ester,⁴³ or acid anhydride,⁴⁴ because the variation is sometimes helpful to avoid patented routes or intermediates.

The chiral diol **252** leading to **12** and **16** is a suitable chiral source, i.e., retention for **12** and inversion for **16** at the chiral center (Scheme 5). In fact, **252** is reportedly a starting material of **16**.³⁰ Although SYNSUP sometimes proposed chemically doubtful or erroneous reactions, many of the proposed synthetic routes and related common intermediates were interesting and practical.

To characterize the size of common intermediates, the distribution of molecular weight between targets and common intermediates has been investigated (Fig. 6). The maximum molecular weights of common intermediates with six targets

are outstandingly large, because of including bis(tributyltin) oxide **41** to take advantage of the Stille coupling.⁴⁵ The average molecular weights of common intermediates with two to eight targets are almost constant as about 150, which correspond to five to seven carbons in the molecules. The average molecular weight of 24 targets and 296 common intermediates were 337.53 and 142.86, respectively. In other words the common intermediates had on an average about 40% of the molecular weights of the ultimate targets.

In summary, we tried to find, automatically, versatile and common intermediates leading to multiple target molecules with the aid of the synthesis design system SYNSUP. Many common intermediates for more than two corresponding targets were found, and they generally had about 40% of the molecular weight of the targets.

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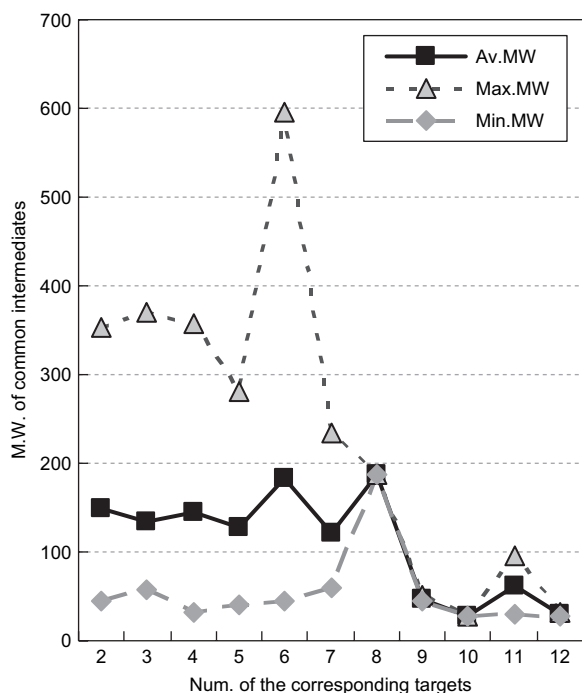


Figure 6. Dependence of molecular weights of the common intermediates on the number of the corresponding targets.

15. Target 1: WO9928320.
16. Target 2: Kanuma, K.; Omodera, K.; Nishiguchi, M.; Funakoshi, T.; Chaki, S.; Semple, G.; Tran, T.-A.; Kramer, B.; Hsu, D.; Casper, M.; Thomsen, B.; Sekiguchi, Y. T. *Bioorg. Med. Chem. Lett.* **2005**, *15*, 3853.
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20. Target 6: WO9952525.
21. Target 7: Grunwald, C.; Rundfeldt, G.; Lankau, H.-J.; Arnold, T.; Hoefgen, N.; Dost, R.; Egerland, U.; Hofmann, H.-J.; Unverferth, K. *J. Med. Chem.* **2006**, *49*, 1855.
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28. Target 14: WO2002032867.
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33. Target 19: EP1288208.
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